SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

A November 6, 2018	B Miner County	C SOUTH DAKOTA
		Countywide 2018
Instructions to the Voter: To vote for a person FILL IN the oval next to the name. To vote on a ballot question FILL IN the oval next to "yes" or "no". Use only a pencil or pen.		
If you make a mistake, give the ballot back and get a new one. DO NOT cast more votes than are allowed in each race.	For Attorney General you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank	For State Senator District 08
	Jason Ravnsborg	you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank
	Republican Party	O Jordan Youngberg Republican Party
	Randy Seiler Democratic Party	Scott Parsley
For United States Representative	Democratic Farty	Democratic Party
you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank		
George D. Hendrickson		
Libertarian Party Dustin "Dusty" Johnson	For State Auditor	For State Representative
Republican Party	you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank	District 08
⊖ Tim Bjorkman	Rich Sattgast Bonublicon Dortu	you may vote for up to two or leave it
Democratic Party	Republican Party Tom Cool	blank
○ Ron Wieczorek	Democratic Party	Republican Party
Independent	,	⊖ Randy Gross
		Republican Party
	For State Treasurer	◯ Chris Francis
For Governor and Lieutenant	you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank	Democratic Party
Governor to be elected as a team, you may vote		Jason Unger Democratic Party
for <u>one</u> or leave it blank	─ Josh Haeder Republican Party	Demodrato Farty
⊖ Kurt Evans	• Aaron Matson	
for Governor and Richard Shelatz	Democratic Party	East Obacil(
for Lieutenant Governor		For Sheriff
Libertarian Party		you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank
C Kristi Noem	For Commissioner of School and	C Lanny Klinkhammer Independent
for Governor and Larry Rhoden	Public Lands	○ Rob Eggert
for Lieutenant Governor	you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank	Independent
Republican Party	🔿 Ryan Brunner	◯ James Stainbrook
Billie Sutton	Republican Party	Independent
Michelle Lavallee	○ Woody Houser Democratic Party	
for Lieutenant Governor Democratic Party	Democratio Farty	
		For County Commissioner At Large
	For Public Utilities Commissioner	you may vote for up to <u>three</u> or leave it blank
For Secretary of State	you may vote for <u>one</u> or leave it blank	O Roger Wentland
you may vote for one or leave it blank	O Kristie Fiegen	Republican Party
O Steve Barnett	Republican Party	─ Garrett D Gassman
Republican Party	O Wayne Frederick	Democratic Party
Alexandra Frederick	Democratic Party	Tom Glanzer Independent
Democratic Party		○ Tom Reisch
		Independent
		Cindy Foster
		Independent
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SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

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		Countywide 2018
NONPOLITICAL BALLOT	Legislative Research Council's Prison/Jail Population Cost Estimate Statement This initiated measure to amend the South	Constitutional Amendment Z <u>Title:</u> An amendment to the South Dakota Constitution establishing that a proposed
Supreme Court Retention Shall the justice of the Supreme Court named on this ballot, whose term expires January 1, 2019, be retained in office?	Dakota Constitution establishes five misdemeanor penalties and three felony penalties, to be punished as provided by law. If passed, the Legislature would be required to set the class levels for each of the penalties created. However, it is the opinion	constitutional amendment may embrace only one subject, and requiring proposed amendments to be presented and voted on separately.
Justice Janine M. Kern representing the First Supreme Court District	of the Legislative Research Council that the penalties in this initiated amendment are administrative penalties. The nature of these laws encourages regular compliance with the	Attorney General Explanation: By law, any proposed amendment to the South Dakota Constitution must first be submitted to and approved by a vote of the
⊖ Yes	provisions to which they adhere. Hence, the impact on jail and prison populations is likely	people. Constitutional Amendment Z changes the
○ No	negligible. <u>Fiscal Note</u> The amendment annually appropriates	Constitution to add the requirement that a proposed amendment may not embrace more than one subject. In addition, multiple amendments proposed at the same election
Constitutional Amendment W <u>Title:</u> An initiated amendment to the South Dakota Constitution changing campaign	\$389,000, indexed to inflation, in state funds to a government accountability board. Additionally, the state will have to pay one-	must be individually presented and voted on separately.
finance and lobbying laws, creating a government accountability board, and changing certain initiative and referendum	time costs if the amendment is challenged on constitutional grounds. Based on previous court cases handled by the state, a median	→ Yes Vote "Yes" to adopt the amendment.
provisions.	case costs approximately \$78,322.	No Vote "No" to leave the Constitution as it is.
Attorney General Explanation: This constitutional amendment lowers campaign contribution amounts to candidates and political parties. It prohibits contributions to candidates or political parties by labor	 No Vote "No" to leave the Constitution as it is. 	
unions and corporations. Candidates and elected officials are prohibited from using campaign contributions for personal use.	Constitutional Amendment X <u>Title:</u> An amendment to the South Dakota	
The amendment expands the scope of activities requiring people to register as lobbyists, and places additional restrictions on lobbyists.	Constitution increasing the number of votes needed to approve a constitutional amendment.	
The amendment replaces the government accountability board recently created by the Legislature. The new board is granted broad	<u>Attorney General Explanation:</u> The South Dakota Constitution may only be amended by a vote of the people. Currently,	
power, including the power to investigate, adopt rules, issue advisory opinions, and conduct audits. It may impose sanctions, including fines, on any elected or appointed official, judge, or State or local government	the Constitution provides that a proposed amendment must receive a majority of the votes cast in order to be approved. Constitutional Amendment X changes the	
employee. The amendment annually appropriates State funds to be solely administered by the board. The amendment limits the number of votes	Constitution, increasing the number of votes needed to approve an amendment from a majority to 55% of the votes cast on the amendment.	
necessary for approval of any initiative or referendum to a simple majority. It requires the Legislature to make specific factual	→ Yes Vote "Yes" to adopt the amendment.	
findings when enacting laws that are not subject to referral. If the Legislature wants to change the initiative or referendum process, or a law passed by initiative, it must submit	○ No Vote "No" to leave the Constitution as it is.	
the change to the voters. This multiple-section amendment makes other additions to the Constitution. It will likely be challenged on constitutional grounds		
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SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

A November 6, 2018	B Miner County	c SOUTH DAKOTA
		Countywide 2018
Initiated Measure 24	Initiated Measure 25	
Title: An initiated measure prohibiting contributions to ballot question committees by non-residents, out-of-state political committees, and entities that are not filed with the Secretary of State. Attorney General Explanation: This measure prohibits contributions to	Title: An initiated measure increasing the State tobacco tax and creating a postsecondary technical institute fund for the purposes of lowering student tuition and providing financial support to the State postsecondary technical institutes. Attorney General Explanation:	
statewide ballot question committees by non- residents, by political committees organized outside South Dakota, and by any entity that is not filed as an entity with the Secretary of State for the four years prior to making a contribution. It requires the Secretary of State to impose a civil penalty on any ballot question committee that accepts a prohibited contribution. The civil penalty is double the amount of the contribution. The measure requires the Secretary of State to investigate alleged contribution violations prohibited by this measure. Currently, there are state laws regulating other kinds of election-related contributions, disclaimers, and disclosures. Violations of	This measure increases the State tax on tobacco products sold in the state. The tax on packs containing 20 cigarettes would increase \$1.00 per pack, and 25-cigarette packs would increase \$1.25 per pack. Tax on other types of tobacco products such as cigars, roll-your-own, and chewing tobacco would change from the current rate (35% of the wholesale price) and be increased to 55% of the wholesale price. The measure also creates a postsecondary technical institute tuition reduction and workforce training fund that will be administered by the State Board of Technical Education, which oversees the State postsecondary technical institutes. Currently there are four: Lake Area Technical Institute,	
these laws are classified as misdemeanors and are subject to criminal penalties. The measure allows a court to impose a civil penalty (up to \$5,000 per violation) in addition to the criminal penalty. Under the measure, the Secretary of State must investigate alleged violations of these particular election- related laws. All civil penalties collected under this measure will be placed in the State general fund.	Mitchell Technical Institute, Southeast Technical Institute, and Western Dakota Technical Institute. The fund's purposes include lowering tuition and providing financial support for these technical institutes. Under current law, the first \$30 million of tobacco tax revenue collected annually is deposited into the State general fund, and the next \$5 million is deposited into the existing tobacco prevention and reduction trust fund. This measure would require the next \$20 million to be deposited into the technical institute fund created by this measure.	
 The measure is likely to be challenged on constitutional grounds. Fiscal Note The only likely fiscal impact related to this Initiated Measure will be if the measure is challenged on constitutional grounds. Based on previous court cases handled by the state, a median case costs approximately \$78,322. Yes Vote "Yes" to adopt the initiated measure. No Vote "No" to leave South Dakota law as it is. 	Fiscal Note Based on previous cigarette tax increases, a 65.4% increase in price should produce a smoking reduction of 16.4%. Based on the previous tobacco tax increase, a 57.1% tax increase is unlikely to affect demand. The resulting revenue increases would be as follows: General Fund: \$4,942,542 Tobacco Trust: \$0 Technical Institutes: \$20,000,000 Total: \$24,942,542	
	 Yes Vote "Yes" to adopt the initiated measure. No Vote "No" to leave South Dakota law as it is. 	
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